

**Real Analysis 35007.**

**Four Week Review**

- (i) Use the definition to prove that the sequence with  $n$ th term  $a_n = \frac{4n+2}{3n+5}$  is convergent.
- (ii) Explain why the sequence with  $n$ th term  $a_n = \frac{(-1)^n n}{3n+2}$  has convergent subsequences. Find the  $\liminf$  and  $\limsup$  of the sequence.
- (iii) Use properties of limits to determine  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (3^n + 2^n)^{1/n}$ .
- (iv) Let  $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$  be a sequence of positive terms and suppose  $x_n \rightarrow l$  with  $l > 0$ . Prove that  $\sqrt{x_n} \rightarrow \sqrt{l}$ . Hint  $|x_n - l|$  is a difference of two squares and  $\frac{\sqrt{x_n} + \sqrt{l}}{\sqrt{x_n} + \sqrt{l}} = 1$ . What happens if  $l = 0$ ?
- (v) From the definition, prove that  $a_n = \frac{1}{n^2 + 4}$  is a Cauchy sequence.
- (vi) Use the comparison test to prove that  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^3 + 4}$  is convergent.