University of Technology Sydney School of Mathematical and Physical Sciences

Mathematical Statistics (37262) – Tutorial 5

- Below are ten independent realisations of a U[0,1] random variable:
 0.658, 0.646, 0.340, 0.165, 0.613, 0.376, 0.633, 0.933, 0.442, 0.289
- a) i) Calculate the exact value of $\int \sin(\pi x) dx$.
 - ii) Using the ten random values above, employ the Monte Carlo Method to estimate the value the integral in part i).

b) i) Show that the exact value of
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-2x} \sin(x) dx$$
 is 0.2.

- ii) Using the ten random values above, employ the Monte Carlo Method to estimate the value the integral in part i).
- **Hint:** For b) i) you will need to integrate by parts twice and establish a recurrence relationship.
- 2. Let X be uniformly distributed, $X \sim U[0,1]$
 - i) Write down E(X).Justify your answer.
 - ii) Given that $Var(X) = \frac{1}{12}$, calculate <u>exactly</u> the probability that a realisation *x* of *X* lies within 3 standard deviations of the mean of the distribution. That is, find $P(|x - E(X)| \le 3s)$ where s is the standard deviation of the distribution.
 - iii) Show that the above probability is within the bounds given by Chebyshev's Inequality.