## Question 3. (10 marks)

Important: marks will only be awarded for fully worked solutions, showing all steps. A scalar function V(x, z) obeys Laplace's equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = 0$$

in the region

$$(0 \le x \le 3), \quad (0 \le z \le 1),$$

and is subject to the boundary conditions

$$V(x,0) = V(x,1) = V(0,z) = 0 ,$$
  
$$V(3,z) = \sin(2\pi z) .$$

Use separation of variables to compute V(x, z).